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24. (Amended) The method according to claim 1 where analyzing the pneumatically focused sample comprises reducing the focusing pressure to a lower value and then a supercritical fluid is introduced gradually to replace an initial carrier gas used to pneumatically focus the sample.



- 69. (Amended) The method according to claim 1 where the gas sample is provided as a pre-stored gaseous sample.
- 70. (Amended) The method according to claim 1 where the gas sample includes a material selected from the group of air toxics, VOCs, OVOCs, metabolites, anesthetics, and combinations thereof.



84. (Amended) The method according to claim 83 where the condensed water vapor contains water-soluble analytes, and such water-soluble analytes are collected for continuous or discontinuous subsequent analysis.



86. (Amended) The method according to claim 1 where the sample is a water sample.

Please add the following new claims 92-96.

--92. (New) The method according to claim 10 where increasing the pressure to pneumatically focus the gas sample comprises increasing the pressure of the sample to a pressure of from about 300 psi to about 1,500 psi.



- 93. (New) The method according to claim 10 where increasing the pressure to pneumatically focus the gas sample comprises increasing the pressure of the sample to a pressure of from about 1000 psi to about 10,0000 psi.
- 94. (New) The method according to claim 1 where portions of the pneumatically tecused sample are fed to separate columns upstream of single detector.
  - 95. (New) The method according to claim 94 where the separate columns are connected in series.

96. (New) The method according to claim 94 where the separate columns are connected in parallel.--

## Remarks

Applicant elects the invention of Group I (claims 1-2, 4-8, 10-14, 17-18, 20-36, 46-53, 68-86 and 89-91) directed to a method for analyzing a gas sample, with traverse, for prosecution.